







Term Sheet Basics

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Topics

- What is a Term Sheet?
- Key Elements of a Series Seed Term Sheet
- Key Elements of a Convertible Debt Term Sheet
- A Word about Convertible Equity (SAFE)



PART I What is a Term Sheet?



What is a Term Sheet?

 A term sheet is a bullet-point document outlining the material terms and conditions of a business agreement.

 After a term sheet has been executed or approved, it guides legal counsel in the preparation of proposed final documents.



PART II Key Elements of a Series Seed Term Sheet



TERMS FOR PRIVATE PLACEMENT OF SERIES SEED PREFERRED STOCK OF [Insert Company Name], INC.

[Date]

The following is a summary of the principal terms with respect to the proposed Series Seed Preferred Stock financing of [_______], Inc., a [Delaware] corporation (the "Company"). Such summary of terms does not constitute a legally binding obligation. Any other legally binding obligation will only be made pursuant to definitive agreements to be negotiated and executed by the parties.

Offering Terms	
Securities to be Issued:	Shares of Series Seed Preferred Stock of the Company (the "Series Seed").
Aggregate Proceeds:	\$[] in aggregate.
Investors:	Accredited investors approved by the Company (the "Investors").
Price Per Share:	Price per share (the "Original Issue Price"), based on a pre-money valuation of \$[], including an available option pool of []%.
Liquidation Preference:	One times the Original Issue Price plus declared but unpaid dividends on each share of Series Seed, balance of proceeds paid to Common. A merger, reorganization or similar transaction will be treated as a liquidation.
Conversion:	Convertible into one share of Common (subject to proportional adjustments for stock splits, stock dividends and the like) at any time at the option of the holder.
Voting Rights:	Votes together with the Common Stock on all matters on an as-converted basis. Approval of a majority of the Preferred Stock required to (i) adversely change rights of the Preferred Stock; (ii) change the authorized number of shares of Preferred Stock; (iii) authorize any new class of series of Preferred Stock having rights senior to or on parity with Preferred Stock; (iv) redeem or repurchase any shares (other than pursuant to the Company's right of repurchase at original cost); (v) declare or pay any dividend; (vi) liquidate, dissolve including any change of control; or (vii) change the authorized number of directors.
Documentation:	Documents will be based on Series Seed Preferred Stock documents published at www.seriesseed.com.
Financial Information:	Investors who have invested at least [\$] ("Major Investors") will receive standard information and inspection rights and management rights letter.
Participation Right:	Major Investors will have the right to participate on a pro rata basis in subsequent issuances of equity securities.
Board of Directors:	Two directors elected by holders of a majority of common stock. One director elected by holders of a majority of Series Seed.
Expenses:	Company to reimburse counsel to investors for a flat fee of \$10,000.
Future Rights:	The Series Seed will be given the same rights as the next series of Preferred Stock (with appropriate adjustments for economic terms).
Founder Matters	Each founder shall have four years vesting beginning Full acceleration upon "Double Trigger." Each Founder shall have assigned all relevant IP to the Company prior to closing.



TERMS FOR PRIVATE PLACEMENT OF SERIES SEED PREFERRED STOCK OF [Insert Company Name], INC.

[Date]

The following is a summary of the principal terms with respect to the proposed Series Seed Preferred Stock financing of [______], Inc., a [Delaware] corporation (the "Company"). Such summary of terms does not constitute a legally binding obligation. Any other legally binding obligation will only be made pursuant to definitive agreements to be negotiated and executed by the parties.



Terms:

- Securities to be Issued (Series Seed or Series AA)
- Aggregate Proceeds (How much are you going to raise?)
- Investors (Accredited Investors)



- Terms:
 - Price Per Share

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Price Per Share: Price per share (the "Original Issue Price"), based on a pre-money valuation of $[____], including an available option pool of [____]%.
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- Pre-Money Valuation = the valuation of a company prior to financing.
- If the Pre-Money Valuation is \$3M and the investors invest \$1M, the Post-Money Valuation is \$4M (Investors own 25%).



- Terms:
 - Price Per Share

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Price Per Share: Price per share (the "Original Issue Price"), based on a pre-money valuation of $[___], including an available option pool of [___]%.
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- Pre-money valuation is on a fully-diluted basis.
- The Option Pool decreases the per share price.
- Only the Common Stock get diluted by the Option Pool.



Terms:

 Liquidation Preference (Participating v. Non-Participating).

Liquidation Preference:	One times the Original Issue Price plus declared but unpaid dividends on each share of Series Seed, balance of proceeds paid to Common. A merger, reorganization or similar transaction will be treated as a liquidation.
Conversion:	Convertible into one share of Common (subject to proportional adjustments for stock splits, stock dividends and the like) at any time at the option of the holder.



Terms:

Voting Rights

Voting Rights:

Votes together with the Common Stock on all matters on an as-converted basis. Approval of a majority of the Preferred Stock required to (i) adversely change rights of the Preferred Stock; (ii) change the authorized number of shares of Preferred Stock; (iii) authorize any new class of series of Preferred Stock having rights senior to or on parity with Preferred Stock; (iv) redeem or repurchase any shares (other than pursuant to the Company's right of repurchase at original cost); (v) declare or pay any dividend; (vi) liquidate, dissolve including any change of control; or (vii) change the authorized number of directors.

- Common and Preferred vote together but...
- Preferred get veto over certain major actions.



- Terms
 - Board of Directors (Founder Friendly):

Board of Directors:

Two directors elected by holders of a majority of common stock. One director elected by holders of a majority of Series Seed.

- Board of Directors (Investor Friendly):
 - One Common
 - CEO
 - One Investor
 - Second Investor
 - Outside Director



Terms:

- Information Rights
- Participation Rights ("Major Investors will have the right to participate on a pro rata basis in subsequent issuances of equity securities.")
- Expenses ("Company to reimburse counsel to investors for a flat fee of \$10,000.")
- Future Rights.



- Terms:
 - Founder Matters

Founder Matters	Each founder shall have four years vesting beginning []. Full acceleration
	upon "Double Trigger." Each Founder shall have assigned all relevant IP to the
	Company prior to closing.

- Reverse Vesting
- "Double Trigger"
- IP Assignment
- Dividends
- Redemption



PART III:

Key Elements of a Convertible Debt Term Sheet



Convertible Debt

- Terms:
 - Amount of Financing (Minimum Investment?)
 - Interest Rate
 - Maturity
 - Conversion Events
 - Next Equity Financing
 - Corporate Transaction
 - Maturity



Convertible Debt

- Terms:
 - Conversion Price
 - Equity Financing
 - Discount (20%?)
 - Cap (\$3M?)

(i) with respect to a Next Equity Financing Conversion, the price that is the lesser of (A) [DISCOUNT RATE]% (the "Discount") less than the lowest price per share of shares sold in the Next Equity Financing and (B) the price per share implied by a US\$[AMOUNT] pre-money valuation, calculated based on the Company's fully diluted capitalization immediately prior to the closing of the Next Equity Financing;

- Corporate Transaction
- Maturity



Convertible Debt

- Terms:
 - Prepayment
 - Security
 - Priority (i.e. Subordinate to Bank Financing?)
 - Amendments and Waivers (i.e. "Requisite Noteholders")
 - Expenses



PART IV: A Word About Convertible Equity (SAFE)



What is a SAFE?

- Simple Agreement for Future Equity.
- Similar to Convertible Debt but without the Debt.
- Same as Convertible Debt, SAFEs have a cap, discount, and conversion price.
- No Interest Rate or Maturity Date.



Why use a SAFE?

Debt instruments have requirements –
including regulations, interest accrual,
maturity dates, the threat of insolvency and in
some cases, security interests and
subordination agreements. These
requirements can have unintended negative
consequences.



Why use a SAFE?

 A safe is intended to be simple for both companies and investors, with the usual path to agreement requiring the negotiation of only one item – the "valuation cap."



Why use a SAFE?

A simple equity security has the potential to become standardized, and a standardized form has the benefits of certainty and speed, which in turn results in lower transaction costs for companies and investors.



Questions



